

**Multi-agency Information Sharing Agreement**

**(Adults)**

**Date of Implementation: September 2020**

**Date of Review: October 2021**

**Date of Next Review: October 2022**

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**OVERVIEW**

1. **Introduction**

1.1 South Tyneside Safeguarding Children and Adults Partnership is the strategic

 body for helping and protecting adults at risk – that is any adult who:

**a)** has needs for care and support (whether or not the Local Authority is meeting any of those needs),

 **b)** is experiencing, or is at risk of, abuse or neglect, and

 **c)** as a result of those needs is unable to protect himself or herself against the abuse or neglect or the risk of it.

**(S42 (1) Care Act 2014)**

1.2 As provided under Part 1, S(1) of the Care Act, Local Authorities have a general duty to promote individual wellbeing which governs how local authorities must carry out their care and support functions under the Act. This is referred to as “The Wellbeing Principle” as it is a guiding principle that puts wellbeing at the heart of care and support.

1.3 “Wellbeing” is a broad concept, and it is described as relating to the following areas in particular:

* personal dignity (including treatment of the individual with respect)
* physical and mental health and emotional wellbeing
* protection from abuse and neglect
* control by the individual over day-to-day life (including over care and support provided and the way it is provided)
* participation in work, education, training or recreation
* social and economic wellbeing
* domestic, family and personal
* suitability of living accommodation
* the individual’s contribution to society

1.4 It is to be noted that not all persons who require promotion of their wellbeing will fit the at risk criteria for Safeguarding as per Chapter 14 of the statutory guidance to the Care Act. This does not preclude the duty to protect against harm and abuse.

1.5 The Care and Support Act Statutory guidance states that: “agencies should draw up a common agreement relating to confidentiality and setting out the principles governing the sharing of information based on the welfare of the adult or other potentially affected adults.”

1.6 Effective multi-agency safeguarding adult’s procedures require personal information to be appropriately shared across agencies in order that all relevant information is available to those making judgements about concerns of abuse or neglect. This will need to be done in accordance with the laws relating to confidentiality and data protection referred to below.

1.7 This agreement will be approved by the agencies represented on the South Tyneside Safeguarding Children and Adults Partnership, listed in Section 2.

 Organisations that are contracted by statutory agencies or receive grant aid

 funding will be expected to be a party to this agreement.

1.8 The purpose of this information sharing agreement is to support lawful information sharing between agencies to protect adults at risk from abuse by setting out an agreed framework.

1.9 The agreement should be used as good practice standards that all staff from partner agencies need to meet in order to fulfil their duty of care in relation to the sharing of information for the purposes of responding to or preventing abuse or neglect of adults at risk.

**2. Partners to the Agreement**

2.1 The information sharing agreement is between the following partners:

* + South Tyneside Council – Adults Social Care; Community Safety; Public Health
	+ South Tyneside and Sunderland NHS Foundation Trust
	+ South Tyneside Clinical Commissioning Group
	+ Cumbria, Northumberland, Tyne and Wear NHS Foundation Trust
	+ Northumbria Police
	+ National Probation Service
	+ Northumbria Community Rehabilitation Company
	+ South Tyneside Homes
	+ Tyne Coast College
	+ Health Watch
	+ Tyne and Wear Fire and Rescue Service.
	+ Any successor body (or bodies) of an organisation listed above, will be asked to sign the agreement as required

2.2 It is the responsibility of all partners:

2.2.1 To understand their duty of confidentiality but also their duty to share information where there is a concern that an adult, a child, or member of the public is at risk or suffering harm.

2.2.2 To ensure that the agreement is shared within their organisation and any other organisation with which it contracts to provide a service to adults with care and support needs.

2.2.3 To ensure that all relevant members of staff should have access to, understand, and adhere to the information sharing agreement.

2.2.4 To ensure that any organisation it contracts with has access to, understands and adheres to the agreement.

2.2.5 To implement the agreement within their own organisation.

2.2.6 To make copies of the agreement available to users, carers and members of the public.

2.2.7 To monitor and review the implementation of the agreement within their own organisation and any organisation it contracts with.

**3. Purpose of Information Sharing**

3.1 The overall objective of sharing information within safeguarding adults work is to ensure that adults at risk are effectively safeguarded, by providing all relevant parties with the information they need in order to address concerns, reduce risks or prevent abuse happening in the future.

3.2 Specific purposes for information sharing within safeguarding adults work may be:

3.2.1 To seek advice about a specific safeguarding adult’s situation or to establish grounds for progressing with safeguarding adults procedures.

3.2.2 To make a safeguarding adults referral.

3.2.3 To seek immediate protection for a person(s) through referral to another service(s).

3.2.4 To notify agencies who may need to take action against alleged or known perpetrators (includes risks posed by a member of the public, worker, volunteer or a service user).

3.2.5 To make a referral to agencies for purposes of requesting or amending services to people at risk of abuse or to those suspected of perpetrating abuse.

3.2.6 To complete a criminal investigation, an employment investigation, a regulatory investigation, or any other investigation, review, or assessment as part of a safeguarding adults enquiry.

3.2.7 To conduct a Safeguarding Adults Review or any other case review that the STSCAP deems appropriate.

3.2.8 To contribute to other review processes where safeguarding adults is relevant e.g. Domestic Homicide Reviews, a Child Safeguarding Practice Review,

 Multi-agency Learning Reviews.

3.2.9 To monitor and audit safeguarding adults work e.g. concerns, quality of outcomes, adherence to procedures.

3.2.10 To review and develop multi-agency policies and procedures to safeguard adults at risk.

3.2.11 To deal with complaints, grievances and professional or administrative malpractice.

3.3 The review (see section 14) of the Information Sharing Agreement will identify: other reasons for sharing information not included above; and that the above are still necessary to effectively safeguard adults at risk and/or promote wellbeing

**4. Information to be shared**

4.1 This agreement primarily applies to the sharing of information about an adult(s) at risk where there is a concern they have been a victim of abuse or neglect, (whether under Chapter 14 or Chapter 1 Wellbeing of the statutory guidance) however this may involve the sharing of information about others in order to safeguard other adults, children or the general public. Reference is made within this agreement to children; this is because information may need to be shared about children as part of the safeguarding adult’s enquiry and/or decisions to share information may be based on risks to children.

4.2 The agreement concerns the following personal and/or sensitive information which needs to be shared for the purposes outlined in section 3:

4.2.1 “Personal data” which identifies the alleged victim(s) or alleged perpetrator(s) of abuse or neglect e.g. name, date of birth, address.

4.2.2 “Sensitive data” about the alleged victim(s) or alleged perpetrator(s) of abuse or neglect e.g. gender, religion, ethnicity.

4.2.3 Reasons for concerns and details of the alleged concerns e.g. type of abuse, location of abuse, levels of risk or urgency.

4.2.4 Information about the physical and or mental health of the alleged victim(s) or alleged perpetrator(s) e.g. mental capacity, communication needs.

4.2.5 Reports of any medical or social care assessments or examinations undertaken.

4.2.6 Personal data which identifies professionals involved with the alleged victim(s) or alleged perpetrator(s).

4.2.7 Personal data which identifies other people who may be at risk e.g. via employment, family, service.

4.2.8 Historical information held in records about the alleged victim(s) or alleged perpetrator(s) that may be relevant to the current safeguarding concern or a case review process e.g. previous safeguarding adult’s enquiry or in the promotion of wellbeing.

4.2.9 Name and contact details of the referrer (unless they have stated they wish to remain anonymous and this anonymity would not have a detrimental impact upon the safeguarding adults’ process).

4.2.10 Name of employer or organisation if the concern relates to a paid worker or volunteer of a service provider.

4.3 The agreement also concerns aggregated data (e.g. statistics) which may be shared. In these situations, anonymised information should be used.

**5. Legal Basis for Information Sharing**

5.1 Article 6 of the General Data Protection Regulations outline six lawful basis’ for sharing information. One of these must apply whenever personal data is processed:

a) **Consent:** the individual has given clear consent for you to process their personal data for a specific purpose

b) **Contract:** the processing is necessary for a contract you have with the individual, or because they have asked you to take specific steps before entering into a contract

c) **Legal obligation:** the processing is necessary for you to comply with the law (not including contractual obligations)

d) **Vital interests:** the processing is necessary to protect someone’s life

e) **Public task:** the processing is necessary for you to perform a task in the public interest or for your official functions, and the task or function has a clear basis in law

f) **Legitimate interests:** the processing is necessary for your legitimate interests or the legitimate interests of a third party unless there is a good reason to protect the individual’s personal data which overrides those legitimate interests (this cannot apply if you are a public authority processing data to perform your official tasks)

5.2 The most applicable grounds for sharing personal data under GDPR are:

* Article 6 (1) (c) legal obligation: that it is necessary to share the information to comply with the statutory duties in relation to adult safeguarding
* Article 6(1) (e) public task: that it is necessary to perform a task in the public interest and has a clear basis in law

In relation to safeguarding adults in the holistic and wider sense the most likely lawful basis’ to be used are: consent; legal obligation; vital interest; or public task. Sections 6 & 7 below provide more information.

5.2 Where sensitive personal (special category) data is going to be shared, one of the above lawful basis’ must apply in addition to one of the following conditions under Article 9(2) of the GDPR1:

a) The data subject has given explicit consent to the processing of those personal data for one or more specified purposes

b) Processing is necessary for the purposes of carrying out the obligations and exercising specific rights of the controller or of the data subject in the field of employment and social security and social protection law providing for appropriate safeguards for the fundamental rights and the interests of the data subject

c) Processing is necessary to protect the vital interests of the data subject or of another natural person where the data subject is physically or legally incapable of giving consent

d) Processing is carried out in the course of its legitimate activities with appropriate safeguards by a foundation, association or any other not-for-profit body with a political, philosophical, religious or trade union aim and on condition that the processing relates solely to the members or to former members of the body or to persons who have regular contact with it in connection with its purposes and that the personal data are not disclosed outside that body without the consent of the data subjects

e) Processing relates to personal data which are manifestly made public by the data subject

f) Processing is necessary for the establishment, exercise or defence of legal claims or whenever courts are acting in their judicial capacity

g) Processing is necessary for reasons of substantial public interest, which shall be proportionate to the aim pursued, respect the essence of the right to data protection and provide for suitable and specific measures to safeguard the fundamental rights and the interests of the data subject

h) Processing is necessary for the purposes of preventive or occupational medicine, for the assessment of the working capacity of the employee, medical diagnosis, the provision of health or social care or treatment or the management of health or social care systems

i) Processing is necessary for reasons of public interest in the area of public health

j) Processing is necessary for archiving purposes in the public interest, scientific or historical research purposes or statistical purposes

5.3 The most applicable being:

* Article 9 (2) (g) substantial public interest: that the processing is necessary for reasons of substantial public interest which shall be proportionate to the aim pursued, respect the essence of the right to data protection and provide for suitable and specific measures to safeguard the fundamental rights and the interests of the data subject
* Article 9(2) (h) preventative or occupational medicine for the assessment of the working capacity of the employee, medical diagnosis, the provision of health or social care or treatment or the management of health or social care systems

5.4 Section 45 (1) –(4) of the Care Act (2014) provides for specific duties in relation to the supply of information to Safeguarding Adults Boards / Partnerships:

A SAB may request a person to supply information to it or to another person. The person who receives the request must provide the information to the SAB if:

The request is made in order to enable or assist the SAB to do its job

The request is made of a person who is likely to have relevant information and then either:

The information requested relates to the person to whom the request is made and their functions or activities

The information requested has already been supplied to another person subject to a SAB request for information

5.4.1 Your choice of lawful basis under Article 6 does not dictate which special category condition you must apply, and vice versa. For example, if you use consent as your lawful basis, you are not restricted to using explicit consent for special category processing under Article 9. You should choose whichever special category condition is the most appropriate in the circumstances – although in many cases there may well be an obvious link between the two. For example, if your lawful basis is vital interests, it is highly likely that the Article 9 condition for vital interests will also be appropriate.

5.5 Sometimes information (described in paragraphs 4.2.1-4.2.10) gathered for safeguarding adults purposes may need to be shared at a later date for other purposes e.g. criminal investigation; child serious case review; Domestic Homicide Review. The relevant legislation and/or information sharing agreements and/or guidance for those processes should be referred to on these occasions.

5.6 The information sharing will be carried out in accordance with the General Data Protection Regulations (and resulting Data Protection Act). This will including ensuring:

5.6.1 That there is a clear and legitimate purpose for the sharing of information.

5.6.2 That the person sharing the information deems it to be necessary for the purpose identified.

5.6.3 Information will only be shared on a ‘need to know’ basis when it is in the best interests of the adult.

5.6.4 Confidentiality will not be confused with secrecy.

5.6.5 That personal and sensitive information is anonymised where possible and appropriate to avoid a person being identified.

5.6.6 Where possible informed consent is sought from a person when information is going to be shared about them (there are circumstances where it is appropriate to not seek consent or override consent).

5.6.7 That agencies do not give assurances of absolute confidentiality in cases where there are concerns about abuse, particularly in those situations when others may be at risk.

5.6.8 Best interest decisions are made when a person lacks the capacity to consent to information being shared.

5.6.9 Specialist advice is sought from managers, legal advisors or Data Protection Officers if there is uncertainty about the sharing of information.

5.6.10 Information is shared appropriately and securely.

5.6.11 Records are made when information is shared or requested.

**SERVICE USER CONSIDERATIONS**

**6. Privacy and Confidentiality**

6.1 Where it is necessary to share information this will be done in accordance with the Data Protection Act 2018 Act, where this applies, and any other relevant legislation.

6.2 In order that information is shared fairly and adults are safeguarded, the following principles should be adhered to:

6.2.1 Information sharing decisions will be based on considerations of the safety and well-being of the person and others.

6.2.2 The Data Protection Act 2018 Act) should not be used as a barrier to sharing information, but as a framework to ensure that personal information is shared appropriately. Confidentiality should never be confused with secrecy; in some circumstances it will be necessary to share personal information with or without the person’s consent.

6.2.3 A person has a right to know why, what, how and with whom information will, or could be shared with as part of the safeguarding adult’s process.

6.2.4 Whenever information is shared for a purpose other than the protection of people under safeguarding adults procedures (e.g. review of procedures, training) then personal information will be anonymised wherever possible.

6.2.5 Where the information subject is deceased, their confidentiality endures beyond death.

**7. Service User Consent**

7.1 Information will be shared with the informed consent of a person unless there is clear justification for proceeding without consent (see 7.4). This includes sharing information with family members, close relatives and friends. This means that the person giving consent understands why information needs to be shared, what will be shared, who will see their information, the purpose it will be put and the implications of sharing that information. Consent can be expressed verbally, in writing, or another form of communication.

7.2 Where there is a concern that a person lacks capacity to consent to information being shared, a capacity assessment will be completed as per The Mental Capacity Act 2005. If the assessment follows that the person lacks the capacity to consent, then a Best Interest decision should be made, following the principles outlined in the Mental Capacity Act 2005. This includes considering the person’s own views (where possible) and the views of those close to a person (close relatives, partners, carers, welfare attorneys).

7.3 Where a person makes a decision or a best interest decision is made not to share information then this decision should be respected where possible.

7.4 There will be some circumstances when consent will not be sought because it is unsafe, or where consent will be overridden:

7.4.1 If by seeking consent it would place a person (the individual, a family member, or a third party) at increased risk of harm.

7.4.2 Where seeking consent would prejudice the prevention detection or prosecution of a serious crime.

7.4.3 Where it would lead to the unnecessary delay into making enquiries about concerns of significant harm to an adult or child.

7.4.4 Where it is justified in the public interest. This may include: to protect adults from serious harm; to protect children from significant harm; to prevent crime and disorder; in the interests of public safety. The question of whether there is sufficient public interest should be judged on the facts of each case. Where there is uncertainty whether the public interest justifies disclosing without consent, advice should be sought from a manager, Data Protection Officer or legal advisor – where possible the identity of the person will not be disclosed.

7.4.5 Where it is a legal obligation imposed by the court or statute.

7.5 Information will be shared about an alleged perpetrator without their consent where there is a reasonable belief that the sharing of information is necessary to protect an adult or the wider public. A decision will be made as part of the safeguarding adult’s enquiry about what, how and when information will be shared with an alleged perpetrator.

**8. Service User Awareness and Rights**

8.1 All partners to this agreement will ensure that the Information Sharing Agreement is available to service users, carers and members of the general public.

8.2 Partners to this agreement have a responsibility to make service users aware of the purpose and content of this Information Sharing Agreement, its impact upon them, their rights and how these may be exercised.

8.3 Information that is shared about a person will be kept on their records and will normally be made available to that person and/or an appropriate representative. The right of access to information is made under the General Data Protection Regulations (and resulting Data Protection Act). Requests should be made via a Subject Access Request. Subject Access Requests can be made to any of the partner agencies listed.

8.4 When information is shared about a person, they have the right to know the nature of the concerns, have a right of reply and an opportunity to correct any information about them that is not accurate. This includes alleged perpetrators. Exemptions to this right of access may be made if: information identifies other people, then there is the right to remove that information; there is concern that serious harm to the person or others would likely to be caused by disclosing the information; a third party is requesting the information on would hinder the prevention or detection of crime.

8.5 Where a person feels that their confidentiality has been breached they can make a complaint to any of the partner agencies listed.

**INFORMATION SHARING PROCEDURES AND PROCESSES**

**9. Access**

9.1 Partner organisations (to this Agreement), their contracted services and their respective staff or volunteers have access to information for those purposes outlined in section 4.

9.2 It is the responsibility of those partner organisations to ensure there are procedures in place to ensure appropriate access to information by appropriate staff or volunteers.

9.3 Information will be stored and shared using secure methods which protect privacy and prevent risk of unauthorised access.

9.4 In addition to Subject Access Requests (see section 8 above) any requests for information under the Freedom of Information Act are handled on a case by case basis. Information can only be withheld if one of the exemptions listed in the Freedom of Information Act apply.

**10. Methods of Requesting and Transferring Information**

10.1 The safe and secure handling and transfer of information will depend upon the level of sensitivity of the information.

10.2 Recipients of information will understand the purpose for which the information was shared and the limits of any consent that has been given (e.g. whether they are able to share the information further). Where there is uncertainty then the originating person/organisation should be contacted.

10.3 All decisions relating to information sharing, and the reason why the decision was made, will be recorded. This includes if a decision was made not to share information. For example, consent (or decision to override/not seek consent) to safeguarding adults referrals should be clearly recorded on the examples for recording requests and responses to requests for information sharing are in appendix 1.

**11. Information Standards**

11.1 Only information that is necessary for the purpose it is being shared will be shared.

11.2 Facts will clearly be distinguished from opinions in any information shared.

11.3 Information will only be shared with the person or people that need to know.

11.4 Information that is shared will be accurate and up-to-date.

**12. Security**

12.1 The Data Protection Act 2018 requires data to be processed in a manner that ensures its security. This includes protection against unauthorised or unlawful processing and against accidental loss, destruction or damage. It requires that appropriate technical and organisational measures are used.

12.2 Partners to this Agreement must implement and maintain appropriate security measures to protect confidentiality, integrity and availability of personal information.

12.3 Adopted security measures should be communicated across all partner organisations, their contracted services and their respected staff and volunteers.

**13. Data Retention, Review and Disposal**

13.1 Information will be retained in line with the relevant organisation's retention schedules.

13.2 Staff should review individual case files on a case-by-case basis, taking into account any outstanding Subject Access Requests.

13.3 When the retention period has expired, the information must be disposed of in a secure and safe way e.g. by using secure, locked disposal bins or by using a cross-cutting shredder.

**14. Management of the Information Sharing Agreement**

14.1 This Information Sharing Agreement is owned by South Tyneside Safeguarding Children and Adults Partnership.

14.2 The Information Sharing Agreement will be agreed by South Tyneside Safeguarding Children and Adults Partnership members on behalf of their

 organisations.

14.3 The Information Sharing Agreement is effective from September 2020.

14.4 The Agreement will be reviewed in one year (September 2021) by South Tyneside Safeguarding Children and Adults Partnership to ensure that it is supporting the safe sharing of information and this is also having the desired effect of safeguarding adults at risk in South Tyneside.

14.5 Non-compliance with this Agreement will be referred to the South Tyneside

 Safeguarding Children and Adults Partnership Executive Board.

Signed by, for and on behalf of:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Organisation:**  |  |
| **Name:**  |  |
| **Position:**  |  |
| **Signature:**  |  |
| **Date:**  |  |

**Please note the following appendices are best practice tools. They are intended to support organisations and their staff in the lawful sharing of information for the purpose of safeguarding adults. It is recognised that individual organisations may have their own tools and guidance in place. Where there are existing or alternative systems in organisations these can be used.**

**OFFICIAL-SENSITIVE (on completion)**



**INFORMATION SHARING REQUEST FORM**

***To be used when requesting information from agencies under the South Tyneside Safeguarding Children and Adults Partnership Multi-Agency Information Sharing Agreement***

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **For the Attention Of:** |  |
| **Date of Request:** |  |
| **Method of Request (e.g. Email, Post):** |  |

|  |
| --- |
| **DETAILS OF PERSON MAKING THE REQUEST:** |
| **Organisation:** |  |
| **Name:** |  |
| **Job Title:** |  |
| **Email Address:** |  |
| **Address:** |  |
| **Telephone Number:** |  |

|  |
| --- |
| **SUBJECT OF THIS INFORMATION REQUEST:** |
| **Name of Individual:** |  |
| **Any Other Name:** |  |
| **Current Address, including postcode:** |  |
| **Previous Address, including postcode:** |  |
| **Date of Birth:** |  | **NHS Number:** |  |

|  |
| --- |
| **REASON FOR /NATURE OF REQUEST (see Section 1.3 of the Multi-Agency Information Sharing Agreement)** |
| **What the information will be used for/what is the objective to be achieved (for example issues around homelessness/self-neglect etc):** |  |
| **Type of information requested (for example medical information, Social Care needs etc):** |  |
| **Timescales/dates the information request related to:** |  |

|  |
| --- |
| **CONSENT BY THE INDIVIDUAL (See Section 2.2 of the Multi-Agency Information Sharing Agreement)** |
| **Has the individual given informed consent for the reason/nature of this request?** | Yes [ ]  No [ ]   |
| **If yes, how was the consent provided?** |  |
| **If no, reason for pursuing the request without consent:** |  |

 **See Section 1.5 of the multi-agency Information Sharing Agreement – the legal basis for information sharing**

|  |
| --- |
| **DETAILS OF DECISION MAKER (Senior Manager)** |
| **Name:** |  |
| **Agency:** |  |
| **Contact Details:** |  |

|  |
| --- |
| **RESPONSE TO INFORMATION SHARING REQUEST** |
| **Decision to share or give access to records:** | Yes [ ]  No [ ]   |
| **Rationale for the decision:** |  |
| **If not shared, action taken:** |  |
| **If shared response provided to (name):** |  |

|  |
| --- |
| **TYPE OF INFORMATION SHARED** |
| **Brief Description (relevant documents may be embedded or attached to the form):** |  |
| **Date information shared:** |  |
| **Are there any restrictions placed on the use of the information shared:** | Yes [ ]  No [ ]   |
| **If yes, what are the restrictions:** |  |

|  |
| --- |
|  **SIGNATURES** |
| **Print Name and Designation of person sharing the information:** |  |
| **Signature of person sharing the information:** |  |
| **Date:** |  |
| **Print Name of Senior Manager making the decision to authorise/not authorise:** |  |
| **Signature of Senior Manager making the decision to authorise/not authorise:** |  |
| **Date:** |  |